

THE DAILY KENTUCKY YEOMAN.

VOL. IX.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY, FEBRUARY 4, 1890.

NO. 163.

BUSINESS CARDS.

EUGENE P. MOORE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE,
ST. CLAIR STREET, OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,
FRANKFORT, KY.
Jan 12 w&t-wif

JNO. E. HAMILTON,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
N. E. COR. SCOTT AND FOURTH STS.,
COVINGTON, KY.

WILL PRACTICE in the counties of Kenton,
Campbell, Pendleton, and Boone.
Collections also made in the city of Cincinnati
and county of Hamilton, State of Ohio.
dec 12 w&t-wif

KELSEY & ARNOLD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
NEW LIBERTY, KY.

WILL practice in the Courts of Owen, Carroll,
Gallatin, Grant, and Henry counties.
Collections in any of the above counties promptly
attended to.
dec 24 w&t-wif

Ben. J. Monroe,
Attorney and Counselor at Law, and
General Agent,
LEAVENWORTH CITY, KANSAS.

WILL practice law in all the Courts of the Ter-
ritory and Western Missouri, and remittances
promptly made. Money invested and rents collected
and remitted.
Office on South Delaware street, between Second
and Third.
oct 22 w&t-wif

A. J. JAMES,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
FRANKFORT, KY.

JAMES P. METCALFE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice in the Court of Appeals. Office
on St. Clair street, over Drs. Speed & Rod-
man's.
feb 22 w&t-wif

G. W. CRADDOCK, CHAS. F. CRADDOCK
CRADDOCK & CRADDOCK,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Frankfort, Ky.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, next door south of the
Branch Bank of Kentucky.
Will practice law in partnership in all the Courts
held in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit
Courts of the adjoining counties.
Jan 4 w&t-wif

T. N. & D. W. LINDSEY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Frankfort, Ky.

WILL practice law in all the Courts in Frank-
fort and the adjoining counties. Office on St.
Clair street, four doors from the bridge.
dec 11 w&t-wif

JOHN A. MONROE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals, in the
Franklin Circuit Court, and all other State
Courts held in Frankfort, and will attend to the
collection of debts for non-residents in any part of the
State.
He will as Commissioner of Deeds, take the acknowl-
edgments of deeds, and other writing to be used or
recorded in other States; and as Commissioner
under the act of Congress, attend to the taking of deposi-
tions, affidavits, etc.
His Office, "Old Bank," opposite Mansion House,
nov 11 w&t-wif

P. U. MAJOR,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair street, near the Court House.
Will practice in the Circuit Courts of the 8th Ju-
dicial District, Court of Appeals, Federal Court, and
all other courts held in Frankfort.

S. D. MORRIS,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

PRACTICES in all the courts held in Frankfort,
and in the adjoining counties. He will attend
particularly to the collection of debts in any part
of the State. All business confided to him will be
met with prompt attention.
His Office on St. Clair street in the new building
next door to the Branch Bank of Kentucky, over G.
W. Craddock's office.
mar 12 w&t-wif

JOHN M. HARLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Frankfort, Ky.

His Office on St. Clair st., with James Harlan.
Two doors North of the Court-house.
Feb 1 w&t-wif

E. A. W. ROBERTS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice in the Franklin Circuit Court, and in
the courts of the adjoining counties.
His Office on St. Clair street, next door to
Mr. Harlan's office.
mar 12 w&t-wif

GEORGE E. ROE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GREENSBURG, KY.

WILL practice law in the counties of Greenup,
Lewis, Carter, and Lawrence, and in the Court
of Appeals.
His Office on Main street, opposite the Court House.
Jan 14 w&t-wif

JOHN M. McALLA,
Attorney at Law, and General Agent,
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

WILL attend particularly to SUSPENDED and
REJECTED CLAIMS—where based upon the
want of official records.
mar 12 w&t-wif

CAPITAL HOTEL,
R. C. STEELE, Proprietor,
Frankfort, Ky.
May 22, 1888 - 11

H. WHITTINGHAM,
Newspaper and Periodical Agent,
FRANKFORT, KY.

CONTINUES to furnish American and Foreign
Weeklies, Monthlies, and Quaterlies, on the best
terms. Advance Sheets received from twenty-four
publishers. Back numbers supplied to complete
sets.
nov 27 w&t-wif

NOW READY!
The New Code of Practice,
In Civil and Criminal cases, for the State of Ken-
tucky.
P. S. Any one remitting me five dollars, shall re-
ceive a copy free of postage.
The above work for sale by S. C. BULL, Book-
seller, Frankfort, Ky.
mar 22 w&t-wif

B. F. DINKLE,
To inform his friends, and citizens of Frank-
fort and surrounding counties generally, that
he is prepared to execute all descriptions of House,
Sign, and Fancy Painting in the best style, and on
moderate terms.
Jobs attended to in town and country, and satisfac-
tion warranted in all cases. Orders left at the hard-
ware store of Mr. John Haly, next door to the Farmers'
Bank, will receive the most prompt attention.
Jan 11 w&t-wif

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

PEN FOUNDRY,
TENTH STREET
Opposite the Artesian Well,
Louisville, Ky.
WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent.



STEAM Engines for Cotton Gins, Saw and Grist
Mills, &c. Cranks, Shafts, Mill Gearing, Cot-
ton Gin Segments, Shafting, Pulleys, Mill Gearing,
&c. Circulars or Saw Saw Mills, Hotchkiss' Re-action
Water Wheels for Saw or Grist Mills, &c.
dec 24 w&t-wif

NEW MUSIC HOUSE!
WM. MCARRELL,
MUSIC PUBLISHER
AND DEALER IN
PIANOS, MELODEONS
BOUND AND SHEET MUSIC,
Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise
Generally,
No. 474 JEFFERSON STREET,
NORTH SIDE, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

HAVING JUST OPENED A NEW
MUSIC HOUSE in this city, I beg
leave to call the attention of my friends
and the public generally to my stock,
which is ENTIRELY NEW, and has been selected
with great care. It shall be my aim to keep constantly
on hand
The very Best and latest Publications
And a fine assortment of
SUPERIOR PIANOS, MELODEONS, GUI-
TARS, VIOLINS, STRINGS, &c., &c.
Printed Catalogues forwarded on application.
Music sent to any part of the country, post
paid, on receipt of the market price.
Those in want of new and good Music or Instru-
ments will do well to give me a call, as I am deter-
mined to sell on the best terms.
N. B. The friends and acquaintances of Mr. J. S. H.
McGANN will always find him at 474 Jefferson street,
where he will be happy to fill their orders.
sep 22 w&t-wif

M. B. SWAIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 4 Masonic Building,
Louisville, Ky.

NATHANIEL WOLFE, S. N. HODGES,
OF LOUISVILLE, LATE OF FRANKFORT.

WOLFE & HODGES,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS
AT LAW,
AND
COLLECTING AGENTS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Office on Centre Street, opposite the Court House.
oct 18 w&t-wif

Wooden Ware Store.
THE subscriber has established at Louisville a
WHOLESALE STORE for the sale of all the
varieties of
WOODEN WARE,
that now enter so largely into daily consumption.
His stock of Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Brooms, Hand
Whisks, Covered Cedar Cans, Wash-Basins, Clothes-
Pins, Measures, Sieves, Mops, Baskets, Mangle
Rollers, Barrels, Cords, Covered Flour Buckets,
Pine Cedar Ware, Broom Cords, Twines and Cords
of all kinds, Brushes of all kinds, Wooden Bowls,
Dishpan, Willow Ware, Rolling Pins, Wrapping
Paper, Ax Handles, Mule and Horse Hames, Clothes
Hampers, Cedar Chests, Toy Carts, &c., is large, and
extensive in variety, and is sold as low as in any
city or town in the State. A large part of the articles
are made under his own supervision, and his stock is
fresh, clean, and in salable condition. He hopes to
receive a share of the Country Trade.
J. B. RUSSELL,
500 Main st., between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
W. S. KNOTT, T. A. HARKOW,
Corner Fourth and Main Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
KNOTT & HARKOW,
PROPRIETORS.
oct 11 w&t-wif

GEOR. H. GARY, R. L. TALBOT,
CARY & TALBOT,
SUCCESSORS TO
(BEEL, TALBOT & Co.)
DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES, PAINTS,
Oils, &c., 453 Market street, between Third and
Fourth, Louisville, Ky.
Particular attention paid to Physicians' or-
ders.
mar 22 w&t-wif

A. JAEGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FRENCH CHINA,
GLASS and Earthenware, No. 320 Lake street,
Chicago, Ill., Nos. 119 and 121 Fourth street,
Louisville, Ky., between Market and Jefferson streets,
Louisville, Ky.
mar 22 w&t-wif

HART, MAPOTHER & CO.,
Lithographers and Fancy Printers,
Southeast corner Market and Third Streets,
Louisville, Ky.

And No. 36 North Main Street, St. Louis, Missouri.
EXECUTE in the highest style of the art, every
description of ENGRAVING, PEN AND GRAY-
TON LITHOGRAPHING, COLOR PRINTING, &c.
oct 7 w&t-wif

JAS. P. MARSHALL, JOHN A. DICKINSON,
NEW CARPET
AND
House Furnishing Store.
MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
IMPORTERS & DEALERS,
79 FOURTH ST., BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE are now opening an entirely new stock, em-
bracing every variety, style, and quality of
household
Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Tassels,
Rugs, Mats, Cornices,
Mats & Coco Matting, Shades,
Chair Rugs, Shade Trimmings,
Gimpes, Crumb Cloths,
Stair Linen, Green Balize.

BLANKETS all widths qualities and prices.
We also keep on hand and make to order Rings, Tar-
paulins, Mosquito Bars, Bed Comforts, &c., &c. Our
stock being entirely new, and having been selected
with great care, we can offer such inducements to
styles, qualities, and prices as are seldom found west
of the mountains.
MARSHALL & DICKINSON,
79 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.
a u 13 w&t-wif

LOUISVILLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS
And all Others in Want of
CARPETINGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES, CORNICES,
Rugs, Mats, &c., &c.
SAVE YOUR MONEY!
Save a large per centage in the
Purchase of these Goods by
Looking through our
FALL STOCK,
THE LARGEST IMPORTED THIS SEASON.
Country Merchants
Are particularly invited to give us a call. We
will offer them RARE INDUCEMENTS.
DURKEE, HEATH & CO.
107 Fourth Street,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
sep 27 w&t-wif

Boots & Shoes,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!
WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A splendid assort-
ment of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's
SHOES and GAITERS, which we intend to sell as
cheap as any other house in the city.
SAML. L. LEE & CO., 419 Market street,
second door above Fourth, Louisville, Ky.
mar 24 w&t-wif

JOSEPH HADDOX, LOUIS HADDOX,
HADDOX & BRO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN R. HALL.)
COACH AND CARRIAGE BUILDERS,
Third st., east side, bet. Market and Jefferson,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

WE will manufacture and keep on hand CAR-
riages of every description and latest fash-
ion.
oct 11 w&t-wif

TRIPP & CRAGG,
IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
PIANOS, MUSIC
AND
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
109 Fourth Street, between Market and Jefferson,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

N. B.—Catalogues sent postage free on application.
oct 18 w&t-wif

HENRY WEHMEOFF,
UPHOLSTERER!
No. 517 South Side Main St., bet. 2d
and 3d, Louisville, Ky.

CONSTANTLY on hand Curtains Goods, Window
Shades, and Trimmings, Spring, Hair, Cotton,
Moss, and Shuck Mattresses, Feather Pillows, and
Bolsters.
All kinds of Upholstery done at short notice
and upon reasonable terms.
mar 22 w&t-wif

NEW YORK MACHINERY DEPOT,
222 Pearl Street, New York.

MILBANK & ANNAN,
(SUCCESSORS TO A. L. ACKERMAN.)
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN STEAM ENGINES
AND BOILERS, LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING,
IRON AND WOOD
WORKING MACHINERY, AND
MANUFACTURERS' ARTICLES, &c.
sep 30 w&t-wif

EDGAR KEENON, JNO. N. CRUTCHER,
KEENON & CRUTCHER,
DEALERS IN
Books & Stationery,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
STRAW GOODS,
Umbrellas, Notions, &c., &c.
Jan 1 w&t-wif

YOUNG GENTLEMEN
WANTING SOMETHING EXTRA IN THE
WAY of a
Handsome Cloth Cap or Dress Hat,
will do well to call and see those at
SAM. C. BULL'S,
Hot and Bookstore St. Clair Street.
sep 24 w&t-wif

B. F. Dinkle
HAS removed his shop to Ann street, one door be-
low Sam. Phillips' residence, where he is
prepared to execute all descriptions of HOUSE, SIGN,
and FANCY PAINTING in the best style, and on the
most moderate terms.
Jobs attended to in town and country, and satisfac-
tion warranted in all cases. Orders left at the hard-
ware store of Mr. John Haly, next door to the Farmers'
Bank, will receive the most prompt attention.
dec 24 w&t-wif

REMOVAL.
TOBIN has removed his stock of Groceries to
his new house on Lewis street, opposite C. G.
Graham's Livery Stable, where he invites all his old
customers and as many new ones as wish to patronize
him.
He keeps constantly on hand a choice assortment
of Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spirits, Tobacco, Cigars,
Liquors, and everything usually kept in a well stock-
ed grocery establishment, which he proposes to sell
as cheap as any other house in the city.
L. TOBIN.
a u 23 w&t-wif

"Books and Stationery."
A CHOICE selection of the standard publications
with a large lot of fine stationery, at
S. C. BULL'S,
Bookseller.
sep 3 w&t-wif

Vesper Gas.
WE are the Agents for the VESPER GAS, and
are prepared to supply customers with Lamps
and Gas Oil at manufacturers' prices. The public
are invited to call at our store and examine these
Lamps.
a u 29 w&t-wif

Wall Paper and Cutlery.
NEW Styles of the above articles, just received at
S. C. BULL'S
THE SPRING STYLE CASSIMERE HATS may
be obtained at
KEENON & CRUTCHER'S.
a u 13 w&t-wif

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. Le Boutillier & Brothers,
30 West Fourth street, bet. Main and
Walnut,
CINCINNATI,
IMPORTERS & RETAILERS
OF
SILKS,
Dress and Fancy Dry Goods,
RIBBONS AND EMBROIDERIES. An examina-
tion and comparison is respectfully solicited.
One price, and no deviation. Terms Cash.
sep 13 w&t-wif

F. W. Rauch,
PUBLISHER AND DEALER IN
SHEET MUSIC.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Strings, &c., 82 West
Fourth street, 2d door east of Vine, Cincinnati,
Ohio.
Music bound; Pianos tuned and repaired. Or-
ders by mail promptly attended to.
a p 7 w&t-wif

RALPH C. McCracken,
FASHIONABLE
SHIRT MANUFACTURER,
AND Dealer in fine linen and gent's furnishing
goods, No. 19 W. Fourth St., South Side, bet.
Main and Walnut, Cincinnati, O. (Opposite the first
Presbyterian church, Sign of the Marble Shirt.)
Shirts made to order by measurement and war-
ranted to fit.
feb 18 w&t-wif

DRY GOODS AND CARPET STORE.
JOHN SHILLITO & CO.,
Nos. 101, 103 and 105 West Fourth St.
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
IMPORTERS OF
DRY GOODS AND CARPETING.
RESPECTFULLY inform their customers and
purchasers generally that they are now opening
an extensive and complete assortment of
Dry Goods, Carpets, Floor Oil
Cloths, &c., &c.
Families, Hotel Keepers, Steamboat owners, and
all others may depend upon finding the best class of
Goods, at prices as low as they can be purchased in
the Eastern cities.
sep 29 w&t-wif

MANUFACTURERS' ARTICLES.
J. & C. REAKIRT,
52 Second Street, Cincinnati, O.
KEEP A FULL SUPPLY OF
Manufacturers' Articles,
Warp on Beam, assorted colors,
Machine Cards,
Wire Heddies and Frames,
Shuttlers,
Steel Reels and Pickers,
Lacing and Picker Leather,
Harness Trivings,
Hand Cards, Tenter Hooks,
Comb Plate, &c., &c.
Also, a full assortment of
Dye-Stuffs, Coughnall,
Madder, Cutch,
Log Wood, Cam. Wood, &c., &c.
sep 29 w&t-wif

**DO YOU
DO YOU
DO YOU
WANT
WANT
WANT
EMPLOYMENT!
EMPLOYMENT!
EMPLOYMENT!**
READ THIS!
I want an energetic man to canvass each County in
the United States and Canada, and sell some new
Historical, Biographical, and Literary Books, and
finds executed Maps.
These works are sold exclusively to my own
Agents, and are never placed in Book Stores for
sale.
Since February 4th I have sent out 166 men to op-
erate for these works, and "will there is room." If
you want a profitable employment, and at the same
time an honorable calling, send me your address, and
I will mail you, free of postage, my catalogue, terms
to Agents, and the actual report of some of my men
who are at work, and leave you to decide if you too,
may not make this business both agreeable and profit-
able.
Address, J. MACK R. BARNETT,
Book and Map Publisher, Cincinnati, Ohio.
sep 29 w&t-wif

"Let those Laugh who win."
I would be astonished at quality
and price, call and examine a Bundle
of the latest Paris and New York styles, now open
at No. 18 West Fifth street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
sep 29 w&t-wif

MARTIN NIXON, THOMAS NIXON, J. W. CHATFIELD,
NIXON & CHATFIELD,
Nos. 77 and 79 Walnut st., Cincinnati,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAPER, CARDS, AND CARD SHEETS,
PRINTING INKS,
AND PAPER MANUFACTURERS' MATERI-
ALS. Agents for the Magnolia Mills Writing
Papers.
oct 20 w&t-wif

Dahme & Co.,
Importers and manufacturers of
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,
Watch Movements, Tools and Materi-
als, Silver and Plated Ware, Specie-
clothes, &c., southwest corner of Fourth
and Walnut streets, Cincinnati, Ohio
a p 7 w&t-wif

LOOMIS & BURROWS,
130 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
MARBLE AND SLATE STONE,
Roofing Slate, &c.
GRATES AND MANTLES,
BUILDING ORNAMENTS,
DRAINING TILES, PIPES, &c.
ARCHITECTS, Builders, and others interested in
our work will find it to their interest to exam-
ine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Descriptive Catalogues and Price List sent on
application by mail.
LOOMIS & BURROWS.
a u 1 w&t-wif

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

**WESTERN
LAW BOOK HOUSE.**
ESTABLISHED IN 1840.
Robert Clarke & Co.,
(SUCCESSORS TO H. W. DERBY & CO.)
LAW PUBLISHERS,
Booksellers and Importers,
PUBLISH
THE KENTUCKY REPORTS;
STANTON'S KENTUCKY CODE;
OHIO REPORTS, 28 vols.;
McLEAN'S CIRCUIT COURT REPORTS;
JOHNSON'S N. Y. CHANCERY REPS;
BARTON'S HIST. OF A SUIT IN EQUITY;
HOLCOMB'S INTRODUCTION TO EQUITY;
&c., &c., &c.
BY exchanging our own publications for those of
other Eastern houses, we are able to offer the profes-
sion the most liberal terms.
ALSO, a large and complete assortment of
THEOLOGICAL, MEDICAL, and MISCEL-
LANEOUS BOOKS kept constantly on hand.
ALSO, every variety of
AMERICAN & ENGLISH STATIONERY.
Catalogues furnished gratis on application.
ROBERT CLARKE & CO.,
No. 35 West Fourth St., CINCINNATI.
oct 14 w&t-wif

MAGNOLIA HOUSE,
MADISON ST., BET. PIKE AND SEVENTH,
COVINGTON, KY.
C. BLACKBURN, Proprietor.
Location Central; Accommodations Good; Charges
Moderate.
The patronage of the public is respectfully
solicited.
sep 22 w&t-wif

**ENGLISH
CARPETING-
RINGWALT & AVERY,**
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
CARPETING.
OIL CLOTHS AND DRAPERY,
PIK'S OPERA HOUSE BUILDING,
No. 69 WEST FOURTH STREET,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
jan 2 w&t-wif

Bart & Hickox,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
GOODY AR'S INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
HOSE, STEAM PACKING, MACHINE BELTS,
HING, at Factory prices. Also, rich Fancy Goods
in very great variety. Orders from dealers promptly
attended to, at 49 West Fourth st., Cincinnati, Ohio.
apr 7 w&t-wif

PORTER'S ART PALACE,
No. 100 Fourth street, opposite the Post-Office, Cin-
cinnati, Ohio.
PORTER & HOAG, PROPRIETORS.
THIS is the largest and most magnificent establish-
ment in America, and it contains the most high-
ly-finished and beautiful display of Life and Minia-
ture Portraits, in oil colors.
Taken from life, or copied from Daguerotypes, to
any size, and finished in oil colors, giving a splendid
Portrait in oil with all the accuracy of a Daguer-
type.
Our Kentucky Friends
Will please bear in mind that all work done at our
Gallery is warranted satisfactory.
WE OCCUPY
Fifteen rooms, and employ six of the best Painters in
this country, and take great pleasure in executing the
customers the most artistic and highly finished work.
Daguerotypes, Ambrotypes, & Me-
liotypes.
Taken daily at very reasonable prices.
If Come by all means when you visit our city and
see this beautiful Gallery of Art.
No. 100 Fourth st., opposite the Post-Office.
apr 7 w&t-wif

PHOTOGRAPHS.
Taken from life, or copied from Daguerotypes, to
any size, and finished in oil colors, giving a splendid
Portrait in oil with all the accuracy of a Daguer-
type.
Our Kentucky Friends
Will please bear in mind that all work done at our
Gallery is warranted satisfactory.
WE OCCUPY
Fifteen rooms, and employ six of the best Painters in
this country, and take great pleasure in executing the
customers the most artistic and highly finished work.
Daguerotypes, Ambrotypes, & Me-
liotypes.
Taken daily at very reasonable prices.
If Come by all means when you visit our city and
see this beautiful Gallery of Art.
No. 100 Fourth st., opposite the Post-Office.
apr 7 w&t-wif

**WELLS' JOBBER, PLATEN 14 by 18, \$300.
Do. 10 by 12, 100.
Do. CARD PRESS 15.**

**The Cincinnati Type Foundry
AND
PRINTERS' WAREHOUSE**
CORNER OF VINE AND LONGWORTH STS.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
(ESTABLISHED 1835.)
Manufacture and furnish to order every variety of
Printing Materials.
Our stock of Type is very large,
both in extent and variety, includ-
ing all the styles not put up by other
Foundries, and as well as our own.
ALSO A GREAT VARIETY OF
**HAND, JOB, & POWER
PRESSES,**
OF OUR OWN AND OTHER MANUFACTURES.
Second-hand Types and Presses taken in exchange
at highest prices.
Applications for Specimen Books, (which are fur-
nished gratis to the credit,) should state the name and
location of their office, and specify the manner in
which they may be sent, as they are too heavy for
the mail.
L. J. Wells, Agent
a u 1 w&t-wif

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVAL.
THE firm of Sprague & Co., Cin-
cinnati, have opened in their new
iron front Store, south-east corner of
Fourth and Vine sts., opposite the
Post-office.
They have a magnificent stock of
Goods for Men and Boys' wear, in-
cluding all that appertain to a gen-
tleman's wardrobe, either ready-made
or to order, for Men and Boys.
Their stock of Piece Goods, for
ordered work, is splendid. Their
goods are marked at Cash Prices,
and as low as Fine Goods can be
sold. We have a stock of Fine Sole
Leather Trunks, Railroad proof—
best that can be made.
ALSO—New style Bags, for
Traveling purposes, Traveling Rugs,
Shawls, &c.
SPRAGUE & CO.,
Southeast Cor. th & Vine Sts.
oct 16 w&t-wif

J. L. MOORE & SON,
MAIN STREET,
A RE receiving a large and carefully selected stock
of
Fall and Winter Goods,
in great variety—styles new and handsome; Car-
petings, Oil Cloths, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gums,
&c., &c. They are determined to reduce their stock
by selling at greatly REDUCED rates. A liberal dis-
count to CASH customers.
sep 24 w&t-wif

REOPENING OF THE MANSION HOUSE.
G. L. POSTLETHWAITE, Proprietor,
FRANKFORT, KY.

THIS old and well known Hotel has just been
thoroughly repaired and refurnished, and will be
open to the traveling public and boarders on the
25th inst. The present lessee has been heretofore
engaged in hotel keeping, and from his experience in
the business hopes to give satisfaction. His old
friends and the public generally are requested to stop
with him.
J. F. Louisville Democrat, Louisville Courier and
Lexington Statesman copy each to amount of \$5 and
charge this office.

A CHANGE!
I HAVE this day sold my establishment to Mr. S. C.
BULL, and take great pleasure in recommending
him to my old friends and patrons.
January 3, 1888. W. M. TODD.

BOOKS, BOOTS, SHOES, &c.,
S. C. BULL,
(SUCCESSOR TO W. M. TODD.)

I AS purchased this old and well known establish-
ment, and solicit a continuance of the patronage
of its former customers, pledging himself that no
pains shall be spared to give satisfaction to those who
may favor him with a call.
jan 2 w&t-wif

W. H. KEENE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
**CHOICE GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TO-
BACCO, CIGARS,**
AND
ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE,
St. Clair and Wapping Streets,
FRANKFORT, KY.
All accounts due 1st of January, May, and Septem-
ber, interest charged after maturity.
JANUARY 3, 1889.
GROCERIES, &c.

**OLD Golden Java and Prime Rio Coffee;
Molasses, German, Castile, and Rosin Soap; Tal-
low, Star and Sperm Candles; Mackerel in assorted pack-
ages; some plain and some fancy; Sides, clear and
ribbed; Shoulders, Dried Beef, and Tongues; Prime
Country Lard; Flour, Meal, and Salt; Nails, all sizes;
Shovels and Spades, best brands; Green and
Black Tea; Tennessee Whisky; Tobacco and Cigars;
every variety of brand; Old Brandy, Whisky, and
Wine, in bottles or on draft; AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS of all kinds; Farming Oils, Tarpen-
tine and Tar; Blasting and Life Powder; Sauces,
Extracts, Pickles, and Table Oil.
jan 2 w&t-wif**

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
S. I. M. MAJOR & CO.,
ST. CLAIR ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE

TERMS.
One copy, per annum, in advance, \$4 00
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1860.

DAILY AND WEEKLY YEOMAN.—We will furnish the Daily Yeoman for the remainder of the session at \$1 per copy, and the Weekly for the same time at fifty cents.

Extra copies of the Daily or Weekly can be had on application at the office, or to our reporters in the Senate or House. Price—Daily \$2 per hundred—Weekly \$4.

The Supreme Court Assailed.

It can hardly be gratifying to any grave Doctor of Divinity to see himself quoted as high authority for a want of respect and reverence for the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States; but since the memorable letter of Dr. Breckinridge, there has broken out a fresh war upon this Court, and the New York Tribune, ever foremost in any revolutionary movements, whether in politics or religion, comes to the aid of the epistolary doctor of Calvinistic theology, and with all the venom characteristic of that incendiary sheet, assails this Court, and especially its Chief Justice and the other Justices concurring in the Dred Scott decision. "Politics makes strange bed-fellows," is a *bon mot* of some wise observer; but we doubt if in all the tergiversations of politics, such a strange companionship can be found, as in these chief assailants of that last and only abiding place of whatever reverence remains to the American people. One would think they were "wide as the poles asunder," and could meet on no common ground, whether in religion, morals, philosophy, or politics; yet they have embraced, and this espousal has taken place, where, if we mistake not, it will be most damaging to the reputation of the D. D., if he does not beat a hasty retreat. The accession of such a combatant to the ranks of Black Republicanism has not been witnessed before, and our only hope of preserving him from permanent defilement, is the chance that Seward and Sumner may remember the terrible scathing he gave them a few years ago, and refuse the co-operation of one whom they cannot but regard as their superior, and who does give the most terrible blows to those who gainsay him. Unfortunately we have mislaid those letters, and we hope some more careful person, who has preserved them, will forward us a copy, that we may re-publish them; and we promise the sender that it shall be no fault of ours if those gentlemen do not receive a new edition, in clear, legible type. This may defeat the thing, and it is our only hope; for we might as well expect to see the Mississippi flow up stream, as to see this "objective" Doctor recant any of his opinions. If we mistake not, there was an early acquaintance, a school-fellowship between the Senator from New York and the Danville Professor; and this youthful acquaintance may be renewed, and finally lead to some political co-operation; at any rate, appearances are most ominous, and our only hope, save in Providence, is in Seward's good memory and our own efforts to revive the sensations he experienced under the Doctor's castigation.

The precedent set in attacking the Supreme Court is becoming most alarmingly contagious, for it has already spread from the comparatively mild and respectful attack of Dr. Breckinridge, to the vituperative onslaught of the Tribune, till the attorney in the Lemon slave case at Albany, the other day, had the audacity to defy its decisions in the most shameful manner. This thing threatens to become a contagion; and if it has so soon affected the bar, it cannot be long till we have the decisions of this tribunal denied as authority in every Justice's court. It is to be expected that offences will come, but we vote unto him by whom they come." We do not expect the Scripture to have the least weight with Seward, Greeley, or Evans; but we do have some hope of seeing it regarded by one whose profession it is to expound the Scriptures.

The Tribune scorns the idea of paying any respect to the Supreme Court, but is only carrying out Dr. Breckinridge's idea of "giving a sanctity to its decisions, now contemplated," a little further, but is the legitimate conclusion from the great Doctor's pronouncement, and is only a sermon founded upon a text from that letter. But Evans, the counsel for the Lemon negroes, goes so far as to hope that Chief Justice Taney may soon die and give place to some Republican appointee, who will expound the Constitution to suit these revolutionists, who will next attack slavery in the States by act of Congress, and a packed court will sustain them. These attorneys are pestilent in their best estate, and pay but little reverence to God, man, or the Devil, and give more trouble to our law-makers in framing statutes so as to hold them, than all the jail birds in the land. They are only held in moderate restraint by being opposed by the Clergy and all the virtuous sentiment of the country; but when they can preach from texts furnished by Professors of our theological schools, they are emboldened beyond measure, and the only remedy is for the people to pass laws suppressing the whole tribe. There never was a treasonable device hatched in the country, from Aaron Burr to Seward, that has not had its derivation from a lawyer's office; and sad will be the day for this country, when revolutionary sentiments shall proceed from the far more respectable source of Divinity Colleges.

This destruction of all reverence for the Supreme Court, and final overthrow of the Court itself, is to be a main feature in the Black Republican programme for the coming Presidential election, and now is the time for all conservative men to come to the aid of this sanctuary of the Constitution, and defend it from all profanation, whether such proceeds from the Church, the Bar, the Senate, or the Press.

School for Idiots.

The Frankfort correspondent of the Louisville Journal takes us to task for what he fancies to be an imputation and "affront to the integrity and kindness of heart of the entire Commonwealth," and then goes on to heap the severest "contempt" upon the political representations of the Commonwealth. This is like the kiss of Judas, for whether it is worse to say, there may be selected some wanting in that kindness of heart necessary to secure success for this school, or to charge that the people have sent up here "ravening wolves" "howling night and day for spoils" as their chosen representatives? We disclaim any imputation on the people of the State of Kentucky, and will tell this correspondent that all our public offices are filled with gentlemen that will compare favorably with any the State has ever had; and that the acts of this Legislature will prove that there is more enlightened and judicious legislation than has ever been had in Kentucky before, and that the people will recognize it as such.

We propose, after the adjournment of the Legislature, to give a comparative review of the labors of the present body, and those under the ancient regime.

THE GAINES' CASE.—We had occasion to allude to this case some time ago in an article on registration, and we see that the Supreme Court of the United States has just decided in favor of legitimacy of Mrs. Gaines, and we suppose she will be put in possession of her father's large estate without further litigation.

THE CITIZENS OF GEORGETOWN, SCOTT COUNTY, and vicinity, are discussing the question of building a railroad from that place to intersect the Lexington and Frankfort Road at Payne's Depot. Application will be made to the Legislature at an early day for a charter; and if one is granted, the proposition will be submitted to a vote of the people of the county for ratification and support.

ARREST OF A KIDNAPER.—Yesterday a man came to the Court to report that he had arrested a kidnaper, who gives his name as Geo. W. Brown, and offering him for sale in this city as a slave. He, very unfortunately for the success of his financial operation, offered to sell said negro to license holder, Joe Jeans. Joe looked like a sturdy going, well to do farmer, or citizen, and when the trade was proposed he very willingly took the bait, and gave Mr. Brown \$10 to show he was in earnest. On questioning him as to his right to the property, he said he would show that from Covington, and give a good bill of sale.

Mr. Jeans, to bind the bargain more closely, called in friend Harvey Seaton as a witness, and then invited Brown round to the bank, where he would draw the money to pay for the negro. To this the other readily consented, and Joe, the sly fox, took Mr. Brown to Castle Thomas, where he was very politely invited in, and given lodgings gratis, thinking all the while that he was going to the bank. He was taken in, and completely "done brown."—*Lon. Cour.*

Kentucky State Agricultural Society.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the State Agricultural Society, will be held at Frankfort, on the 23d day of February, 1860, for the purpose, among other business, of receiving from the several local Societies in the State, propositions for holding with them the Fifth Annual Kentucky State Fair. Parties making propositions will please accompany them by statement of the extent of their grounds, the size and character of their buildings, fences, &c., and the nature of the public thoroughfares by which they are reached.

At this meeting, many public documents will be ready for distribution to members of the State Society, and also for delivery to officers of County or District Societies for distribution among their members.

L. J. BRADFORD, Pres't.

Church Directory.

Episcopal.—Rev. J. N. NORRIS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 3 1/2 P. M.
Presbyterian.—Rev. Mr. LACEY, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M.
Methodist.—Rev. Mr. RAND, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M.
Christian.—Elder W. T. MOORE, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M.
Catholic.—Rev. J. M. LANCASTER, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M.
Baptist.—Rev. J. B. THARP, Pastor. Services at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 7 P. M.

If the election were left to the votes of our children, Dr. Bull would certainly be our next President. His *Vegetable Worm Destroyer* has given him a place in their grateful recollections, from which he will not soon be displaced. Instead of being dosed with nauseous drugs to expel worms, they have only to eat a few candy drops, and the next day they are well again.

Sold by W. H. Averill, Agent for Frankfort and vicinity.

TO LAWYERS.—Our facilities for job printing are equal to any office in the West, and we are prepared to do all kinds of job work at the shortest notice. Lawyers' briefs, legal cards, blanks, &c., printed in the neatest styles and at prices as low as they can be done anywhere.

METCALFE'S REPORTS.—The first volume of Metcalfe's Reports of decisions of the Court of Appeals of Kentucky is bound and ready for delivery, and may be had of the Reporter or at either of the book stores in Frankfort. Price \$5 per volume. Persons wishing a volume sent by mail may remit the price and it will be forwarded postage paid. au23 tf

COURT OF APPEALS.

FRIDAY, Feb. 3, 1860.
CAUSES DECIDED.
Sweeney et ux. v. Hubbard's heirs, Case; affirmed.
Evo v. Riggs et al., Franklin; reversed.
Denning v. McGuire, Simpson; reversed.
Bottom v. Condon, Mercer; affirmed.
ORDERS.
Woodson v. Adams & Marshall, Pendleton; petition.
Aikin v. Woodring, Blair.
Bryan's adm'r v. Wilder & Bro., Christian.
Rigg v. Gray, Christian.
Bell v. Clark, Christian.
Martin et al. v. York et al., Christian; were submitted on briefs.
Hardin v. Chapman, Warren; argument concluded by Judge Underwood for appellee.
Rogers et al. v. Porter's adm'r, Butler; argument concluded by Harlan for appellee, and Underwood for appellant.
Vance v. Vance, Mercer; argued by Bell for appellee, Reed v. Reed, Casey; argued by James for appellee.

Harper's Ferry Affair.

CHARLESTON, VA., Feb. 2.
The town is thronged to-day to witness the proceedings of the trial of Stephens, one of the Harper's Ferry conspirators. At 11 o'clock the Court opened, Judge John Kinney of Rockingham presiding. The first bill was for the conspiracy, and the regular town court in Hampshire county. The grand jury, of which R. V. Shirley is foreman, was sworn. The Judge delivered his charge, and in referring to the Harper's Ferry invasion, said: "It is known to you, and is now a part of the history of the country, that on the night of the 16th of October last, a band of traitors, murderers, and incendiaries stealthily made a descent on the soil of Virginia, in the county of Jefferson, and wantonly murdered several of our citizens and people, with a design to incite our slaves to revolt and to subvert our government. Some of these desperadoes, and others, the dupes of designing cowards, were captured, tried, and punished according to their deserts."

"But there are some engaged, or supposed to have been engaged in this tragedy, but who are not yet known to the public. It will be your duty, and I believe your pleasure also, to be on your guard, and to police our soil and attempting to dishonor the sovereignty of Virginia. I deem it unnecessary for me to recommend you to conduct your inquiries with that coolness, justice, and good sense which has distinguished your predecessors in their inquiries, and which has met the approbation of the patriotic and good citizens of our common country; so conduct your inquiries that the bright estimation of our beloved State shall not be dimmed by passion or greed, less suspicion, and also let them be conducted without fear, favor, or affection, as you may elicit the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

The jury then retired to their room, and the witnesses in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Stephens and Harlett were sent up. Before the jury retired, Mr. Harding, District Attorney, made an address to them.

After an absence of an hour they returned with a bill against Stephens, charging him with murder and treason, and conspiring with slaves to create a rebellion.

The witnesses in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Harlett were then sent up, and an indictment of the same character was shortly afterwards returned against him.

The work of impelling the jury in the case of Stephens was postponed until to-morrow, in order to allow the counsel time to examine the indictments against him.

Mr. Stephens and Harlett will both be defended by Mr. Sennott. The Commonwealth is represented by Andrew Hunter.

It is deemed unnecessary, at present, to increase to any extent, the military force now here; the only addition that has been made is a company of twenty cavalry from Shepards-town.

No fear is entertained of an attempt to rescue the prisoners.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The Court opened at one o'clock this afternoon. Judge John Kinney presiding.

Mr. Stephens was brought in by the jailer and his guard, in seeming perfect health. Mr. Sennott suggested to the Commonwealth the propriety of announcing whether it would elect to try on one or all the counts, or whether they relied on one or all for conviction. He also read a letter from President Buchanan in regard to inquiries in regard to the trial. He thought that the Commonwealth had not acted in good faith to the prisoners in removing the case to the Federal Court and then receding from that determination, and thought the indictment should be nashed. He appealed to the mercy of the Court, for it certainly would be an act of mercy to send the prisoners to Stanton for trial.

Mr. Harding, for the Commonwealth, had not made a proposition for removal, and strongly protested against that throughout the trial. He was present willing to waive the determination of the Federal authority, but after the State decided to try him he was opposed to any change of trial. He did not consider Gov. Wise had authority to make a change.

Mr. Hunter denounced as utterly untrue, the assertion of Mr. Sennott, that Stephens was forced to plead at the late term of the Court.

Mr. Sennott disclaimed any intention to rest on any one, and spoke eloquently of the State of Virginia, hoping his tongue might wither before he would speak in any but terms of praise of the State. When the offer was made to send Stephens to Stanton, he thought he had better accept the offer, for it was a matter of life and death, and he might share the fate of Brown.

Judge Kinney, after stating his understanding of the motion of Mr. Sennott, said there was nothing to show that Virginia ever made a legal surrender of the prisoner. He would pay no attention to political influence, and the prisoner would have as fair a trial as any Southern man could have. He could only look on it as an appeal of the counsel for the defense to transfer the case, and would have to reject the appeal.

Mr. Harding moved a *nolle prosequi* on the old indictments, as the prisoners would have to be tried on the indictment brought in yesterday.

Mr. Sennott requested the State to select one count in the indictment, in order to render the case less complicated.

Mr. Hunter replied, quoting a number of authorities to show the legality of the course taken, and declining to recede from any count in the indictment—deeming them all necessary.

COL. W. D. LANNON.—Among the working men in the Legislature from the purchase, (where all indeed are working men) may be noticed without indignant distinction, the member from Hickman and Fulton, who is a member of the committee on Enrollments. This is a good position, and one of great importance and labor; for after a bill is passed, before it can become a law, it has to be re-written in a plain, legible hand, and compared with the original. It is then presented to the Governor for his signature; and when, as in the present session, very many local acts are passed, no one not conversant with legislation can conceive the labor, and at the same time the responsibility, conferred by the action of this committee. It is in the faithful and laborious discharge of these duties, that we understand Mr. Lannon has made himself one of the most useful, and at the same time one of the most popular members of the session.

He is a gentleman of fine attainments, of quick and vigorous intellect, of decided and unswerving political principles, and his fair to his station and position in the district commensurate with his talents and industry as a legislator and his genial qualities as a gentleman. He is an ardent State Rights man, a strict constitutionist of the old Democratic school, with all the generous and bounding impulses of Young America. He is still a member of the Southern Gulf and by the lakes of Maine; it flows in veins that swell above Pacific's golden sand, and throbs in hearts that love and grieve for dark Atlantic's strand.

In connection with this, these journals always publish the name of the *National Era* Post, J. G. Wilson, as its author. We dislike to spoil a man's fancy, but really we must insist that the devil shall have his due. That intensely patriotic song, freighted with expressions of such true regard for the Union, and teeming with such masterly rebuke to the very class of men and politicians to which John G. Whittier belongs, was written about six years ago, by a Southern man, and is now, as we are told, the property of the Vicksburg (Miss.) Whig, and first published in that paper. Published too, in a land where, according to these Northern fanatics—who "steal the liver of Heaven to serve the devil in"—every spark of nationality is extinct; where freedom is throttled, and humanity whips for very shame at barbaric oppressions and where the present crop of the Union is the only safe-guard to citizenship. Yet our neighbor, the Press and Tribune, glories in this intensely Southern sentiment. We fear it will have to recant its belief in the safety of sentiments emanating from a latitude so dangerous, or lose the proud title it holds as chief among the nigger worshippers.—*Chicago Herald.*

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UNFORTUNATE.—Our friend and fellow citizen, J. A. Miller, who recently met with a heavy loss in hogs by the cholera, is again, it is feared, a sufferer, by the sinking of the steamer A. O. Tyler, on board of which he had shipped 475 barrels of Bourbon whisky, upon which, it is thought, he had no insurance.—*Paris Flag.*

XXXVTH CONGRESS—First Session.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

SENATE.—Mr. Gwin gave notice that on Monday he would move to go on with the calendar, the first bill on which would be the construction of a Pacific Railroad, and he desired that to be taken up.

Mr. Sumner introduced a resolution requesting the committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of repealing the hospital tax on seamen, and abolishing the present system of maritime hospitals. Adopted.

Mr. Wigfall gave notice of a bill for a railroad and telegraph between the Atlantic States and California.

Mr. Lane offered a resolution instructing committee on Naval Affairs to inquire into the expediency of establishing a naval station at Puget's Sound. Adopted.

Mr. Davis introduced a series of resolutions relating to obligations imposed on the States by the constitution, to protect the rights of the people in the Territories. &c.

Mr. Davis said he referred to these resolutions for the purpose of having a vote taken on them separately. He would be glad if they could be adopted without debate and with unanimity.—Ordered to be printed and made the special order for Wednesday next, at 1 P. M.

Mr. Wilson introduced a bill appropriating 1,000,000 acres of the public lands for the benefit of the free schools of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Foster introduced a resolution of inquiry whether the introduction for the new post-office in New York is now in force, whether further legislation is necessary. Adopted.

Mr. Brown's resolutions were taken up. Mr. Fitch discussed the Territorial question.—He said that the new doctrine of popular sovereignty was a departure from the views of the framers of the Government. He defended the course of the Democratic Senators in displacing Mr. Davis from the chairmanship of the committee on Territories. His views as to the power of the people in the Territories, declared from Freeport to New Orleans, were at variance with the opinions of the great majority of his party. The action of the Senate was not from disrespect to the Senator from Illinois, but because he did not respect their principles. He defended the Northern Democracy from the charge of unsoundness preferred by Mr. Iverson, and denounced the Republicans as foes to the Constitution. He said that when they took an oath to support the Constitution, they must do so with a reservation. Northern Democrats sacrificed themselves in defense of Southern institutions. He referred to Dickinson, Cass, Dodge, Jones, and others, who were driven out because they defended the South against the prejudices of their own people. The Republicans now endeavored to raise a storm which would sweep Northern Democrats out of existence. He wished to be allowed to stand on congenial ground. He then referred to Mr. Brown's resolutions. Every citizen has the right to own property in the Territories, he conceded, and was opposed to the nomination of Mr. Douglas at Charleston, on account of the injustice and unconstitutionality of his territorial doctrine. If the South should nominate him, the North would regard it as an admission that his views were acceptable to it, thus forfeiting the respect of enemies and the sympathy of friends. The doctrine of Squatter Sovereignty makes every Territory non-slaveholding, whether situated North or South. He could not agree with the Senators from Mississippi and Louisiana, that it was the duty of Congress, even if it had the power, to pass laws for the protection of one species of property in the Territories. This course, Congress to designate into a mere Territorial Locality. He held that the slavery was protected in the Territories by the common law. The Territories could not exercise power belonging to a State. The man who would not conform his action to the Constitution had in his hands the raw material of a John Brown, and could only find affiliation on the other side of the Chamber. He had yet to learn that the Democratic party belonged to one man from whom it received its interpretation of what this or what that law meant. He did not believe the party was yet prepared to go on its benighted knees to this man and ask him on what terms he would accept the nomination. When he put on his hat he did not cover the entire brains of the party, nor its entire heart when he buttoned up his waistcoat.

Mr. Fitch then examined the Dred Scott decision, contending that it sustained the views he had advanced. He also claimed that they were supported by the Cincinnati platform. He thought there were points, however, on which Democrats differed without feeling. They were judicial, not legislative questions.

Mr. Douglas said it was not necessary at this time to go into any controversy with the gentleman from Indiana. He might have used these arguments with more propriety in his own State, before the meeting of the late Democratic convention.

Mr. Fitch replied that the action of that convention might lead to the Senator's vote at Charleston, but according to laws governing former conventions, it did not give him votes enough to secure his nomination. Did he then expect to sell or transfer them to somebody else?

Mr. Douglas said the action of the recent convention showed that the Democrats of Indiana could not be bought.

Mr. Brown wished to press a vote on the resolution, but yielded to a motion to postpone, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

"The Union."

We dislike to intrude upon the sanctity of a belief which fascinates its devotees almost to fanaticism; but when we see an exhibition of pious hypocrisy in the expression of such intense regard for the welfare of the Union, as to assume that sentiments of loyalty can proceed from only one section of that Union, we cannot resist the sense of duty to let that assurance down a peg—particularly since it has been said that "hypocrisy is the necessary burden of villainy."

Various Republican journals—intensely northern in their sentiments—have recently re-published some excellent patriotic lines entitled, "The Union," commencing thus:

The blood that flowed at Lexington, and crimson'd bright Champlain,
Streams still in the Southern Gulf and by the lakes of Maine;

It flows in veins that swell above Pacific's golden sand, and throbs in hearts that love and grieve for dark Atlantic's strand.

In connection with this, these journals always publish the name of the *National Era* Post, J. G. Wilson, as its author. We dislike to spoil a man's fancy, but really we must insist that the devil shall have his due. That intensely patriotic song, freighted with expressions of such true regard for the Union, and teeming with such masterly rebuke to the very class of men and politicians to which John G. Whittier belongs, was written about six years ago, by a Southern man, and is now, as we are told, the property of the Vicksburg (Miss.) Whig, and first published in that paper. Published too, in a land where, according to these Northern fanatics—who "steal the liver of Heaven to serve the devil in"—every spark of nationality is extinct; where freedom is throttled, and humanity whips for very shame at barbaric oppressions and where the present crop of the Union is the only safe-guard to citizenship. Yet our neighbor, the Press and Tribune, glories in this intensely Southern sentiment. We fear it will have to recant its belief in the safety of sentiments emanating from a latitude so dangerous, or lose the proud title it holds as chief among the nigger worshippers.—*Chicago Herald.*

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SPECIAL NOTICE.

Bridgeport Female Institute.

THIS new and prosperous institution, now in successful operation, will open its next session on the 1st Monday of February, 1860.

The Teachers, flattered by signal success in teaching heretofore, are determined not to be excelled by any rival institution of a kindred character in the vicinity. Give us the pupils, and we will clearly demonstrate that we give, in each instance, full value received.

J. HERVEY GARDNER, A. M.,
Principal and Proprietor,
Miss LUCY H. BALDWIN,
febl&wlm Preceptress.

Something New.
BLOOD FOOD! BLOOD FOOD!! TO MOTHERS! TO MOTHERS!! Red-let, read, and act. See Advertisement in another column. Sold by W. A. AVERILL and J. M. MILLS. jan6 w&w

GILLISPIE & HEFFNER,
MERCHANT TAILORS
MAIN ST., FRANKFORT, KY.

HAVE just imported a large and complete assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS for gentlemen's wear, consisting of Silk and Velvet Vestings, French Cassimeres, Cloths, &c., &c., of the most fashionable styles.

Our customers and the public will find our present stock of goods equal to any to be found in similar houses in the West, and at terms as liberal. We are ready on the shortest notice to furnish a complete outfit of gentlemen's wear, made to order in the best style of fashionable tailoring, warranting all our work to give satisfaction. Call and examine our stock, on Main street, one door above the Farmers' Bank. jan23 tf

School Notice.
Having been frequently solicited to take small boys into my school, I have consented to take six or eight boys for the next session, which will commence the 1st Monday in February, proximo. I have also room yet for several girls. School room at Mrs. Montgomery's, on High street, (next door to the Governor's), where persons desirous of entering pupils will find me. J. B. THARP. jan24 tf

I. O. O. F.
PHOENIX LODGE, No. 28, I. O. O. F.—Meets at their Hall on St. Clair street, over Page, Gaines & Page's Grocery Store, in the third story, every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock. Transient members in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. Entrance to the Hall, one door below Page, Gaines & Page's Grocery Store. By order of the Lodge. dec3-ds JOHN W. PRUITT, Sec'y.

Fine Dry Goods.
GUTHRIE & BROTHERS have opened one of the largest and best assortments of elegant Silks of every description to be had in the West. They are now receiving a fine stock of Velvet and Cloth Cloaks of the latest Parisian styles. In rich Delaine Robes, Irish Poplins, French Merinos of every shade and figure, their purchases are admirable and select. For the better class of choice Dress Goods, ladies resident, and those visiting the city, will call upon this house and examine their stocks. In Sample Goods and Linen Goods, &c., their stock is complete and unusually heavy. The whole may be had at the lowest prices, east of Fourth, between Market and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky. sep29 w&t-wf

REMOVAL.
R. RUNYAN
has removed his store two doors below his old stand. He is selling his Goods, and are informed, at the lowest possible rates for cash down. Give him a call. We repeat what we said before, Runyan is all right. dec7 w&t

A Card.
W. H. AVERILL, Druggist, Main street, near post-office, has just completed his assortment of goods for the winter trade.

His stock is the most choice, varied, and beautiful in the city, comprising articles selected from the best manufacturers at home and abroad.

Perfumery, Fancy and Toilet articles, Brushes, Soaps, Liniments, Choice Domestic, and German Hatters, and best brands of Chewing Tobacco Artists' Colors and materials, Engravings, Colored Prints, Decorations for Jars, and Lithographs for Treasuries; Music and Musical Merchandise, the only assortment in the city; genuine Italian Violin and Guitar Strings.

Orders for Sheet Music promptly attended to. dec7 w&t

Metcalfe's "Kentucky Reports," Vol. 1.
Just ready and for sale by KEENON & CRUTCHER, bookellers, Frankfort, Ky. Price \$5.

IN SENATE.

FRIDAY, Feb. 3, 1860.

Senate met at 9 1/2 o'clock, A. M., and was opened by prayer by Rev. Mr. Lacy, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

PETITIONS AND REMONSTRANCES.

Petition in a remonstrance was presented by the following Senators, and appropriately referred.

Remonstrances—Mr. CISELL, (2).

MOTION TO SUSPEND.

Mr. JOHNSON moved to suspend the rules in order to take up the Commercial Bank bill, as amended in the House. Adopted.

The question being upon the adoption of the amendment, it was adopted.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. DeHAVEN—Finance—A bill for the benefit of F. McNeil, of the city of Louisville.

After consideration of the bill, Messrs. FISK and WHITAKER, and Mr. GROVER offered a resolution referring the bill to the Judiciary committee, with instructions to inquire into the expediency of passing some general law to meet similar cases. The bill under consideration refers money paid as tax on several billiard tables.

After some discussion between Messrs. GROVER, ANDREWS, BRUNER, WALKER, WALTON, PENNEBAKER, and CHAMBERS, the question being upon the adoption of the resolution, it was adopted.

Mr. WALTON demanded the yeas and nays. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 19 yeas to 14 nays.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. WAIT. PRIVILEGED MOTION.

Mr. RUST moved to reconsider the vote by which the amendment to the Maysville Coal Oil Company bill, offered by Mr. DeHAVEN, was adopted.

Mr. FISK moved to lay the motion on the table. Mr. DeHAVEN demanded the yeas and nays. The motion to lay on the table was rejected by a vote of 19 yeas to 14 nays.

The question being upon the motion of Mr. RUST, Mr. DeHAVEN demanded the yeas and nays. The motion was adopted by a vote of 18 yeas to 13 nays.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES CONTINUED.

Mr. READ—Finance—An act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the Maysville and Lexington Turnpike Road Company. Passed.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following bills, referring billiard table taxes, were, on motion, referred to the Judiciary committee, in accordance with the resolution of Mr. GROVER.

Bills for the benefit of Luns & Evans, C. C. Reuter, John Cawin & Co., J. B. Harper, J. G. Hunt, P. Breckheimer, H. of Louisville; Julius King, of Newport; John P. Noonan, of Covington; Hezekiah Ellis, of Frankfort; Executors of Robert Dillake, deceased, of Lexington.

Mr. ALEXANDER—Finance—An act to amend the law in regard to compensation of Assessors, with adverse opinion. Rejected.

Mr. DeHAVEN—Finance—House bill—An act for the benefit of E. T. Fish, of Rockcastle. Mr. ALEXANDER moved to amend by striking out "\$13," and inserting "\$25." Rejected.

The bill, as originally presented, was then passed.

Mr. DeHAVEN—House bill—An act for the benefit of A. S. Trimble, late Sheriff of Morgan county. Passed.

Mr. ALEXANDER—Finance—House bill for the benefit of Wm. C. Gillis, late Surveyor of Whitley county. Passed.

Mr. RHEA—Finance—An act for the benefit of Silliman B. Johnson, of Morgan county. Mr. FISK moved that the bill be recommitted to the Judiciary committee, with instructions to report a bill, if they deem it expedient, allowing him to sue the State for the money (\$10) if he desires to. Rejected.

The bill was then passed.

Mr. RHEA—Finance—An act for the benefit of T. B. Keaton, of Morgan county. Passed.

Same—An act for the benefit of James S. Turner, of Morgan county. Passed.

Same—An act for the benefit of Abram Ingram, of Morgan county. Passed.

The hour having arrived for taking up the orders of the day.

Mr. ANDREWS moved that when the Senate adjourns, it take a recess until 7 o'clock, P. M. Adopted.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

An act to repeal an act prohibiting the importation of slaves into this Commonwealth.

Mr. READ being entitled to the floor, said, that feeling much indisposed this morning, yet not wishing to detain the Senate longer on this bill, he would endeavor to say all he had to say upon the question to-day. Two years ago he had the honor to introduce a bill similar to the one under consideration, which passed the Senate, but passed into the law in the day in the House, and was never reached. He regretted to differ with the Senator from Union, being of the same political faith. He does not differ with the Senator in his reading of the Constitution of the State. Had he been a member of the Convention that framed the Constitution, he would have voted against that prohibitory clause. If the institution of slavery is right, then, in God's name, don't let it—if it is wrong, then it should not exist at all. He believes the institution is right of divine origin. The law which he desires to repeal debars the masses from purchasing servants, but benefited a favored few. He was opposed to all such enactments. The speech of the Senator from Union did not represent the feelings of the people he represents on the Senate floor. The two parties who oppose the repeal of the law of 1833, are those who wish to monopolize slave property in Kentucky, and those who desire to emancipate the slave. The Senate proceeded upon the idea, yesterday, that the commercial interests of the State did not demand the augmentation of slave property—that the commerce of Kentucky did not need the increase of slave property that would result from the repeal of the law. In 1833 the Virginia Legislature passed an act in such manner that it was not to be repealed until 1850, and the year following, (1834), having caught the idea, passed the law we are now trying to repeal.

Mr. READ read extracts from the speeches delivered in the Virginia Legislature, in 1832, by Messrs. Barry, Bolling, Lee, and others. He thought that Washington, Jefferson, and all other fathers of the republic were right in their ideas of the effect of slavery upon the commercial interests of the country. He revered the memory of Washington, Madison, and Jefferson; but their opinions, however correct in their day, are not good authority now. He then read from the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, to show that the Southern States more easily more produce to foreign ports than the Northern States. The South has prospered far beyond the North. The institution of slavery, instead of proving a blighting curse, had been, and was, a positive blessing. He had no idea the Senator desires to cripple or emancipate the institution in Kentucky; but the course he had pointed out for Kentucky to pursue would have that effect.

The burden of the Senator's remarks was, that the repeal of this law would introduce into the State a class of slaves that would vitiate the property we already hold. He was entirely mistaken—it would have no such effect. Mr. READ was for throwing the doors wide open. If it is right for one man to own slaves, it is right for every man to own them. The monopoly of slave property is the surest means of breaking down and eradicating slavery. He believes in the Jacksonian policy: "Equal and exact justice to all, exclusive privileges to none." No other doctrine should be tolerated in this country. He then read a resolution offered in the lower house of Congress, in 1843, (inimical to slave property in the District

of Columbia), by Mr. Slade, of Vermont, against which the Senator from Vermont, Mr. Andrews, then a member of Congress, voted. He exhorted that Senator not to falsify the position he then took, by opposing this bill to repeal the iniquitous law of 1833, but to stand by him (READ) in the effort to wipe it out from the statute books. He then referred to the popularly ascribed origin of the slave—the curse pronounced upon Ham by his father, Noah. He also referred to other Scriptural passages recognizing the relation between master and slave. He has no compunctions of conscience upon the moral and religious aspects of slavery—he believes in this divine origin of slavery.

The Senator was cut off by the arrival of the hour for adjournment.

We regret that we were unable to give as perfect an abstract of the Senator's remarks as we could wish. His speech was lengthy, well delivered, and listened to with profound attention. The Senate then adjourned until 7 o'clock, P. M.

NIGHT SESSION.

Senate met at 7 o'clock.

BILL PASSED.

Mr. TAYLOR, from the committee on Internal Improvement—The rules being suspended, an act to repeal an act concerning certain turnpike roads in Montgomery county. Passed.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.

Mr. READ—House bill for the benefit of Messrs. Dickey & Thomas, with an expression of opinion that it ought not to pass.

The question being upon the rejection of the bill, it was rejected.

Mr. RHEA—The petition of George W. Coons, of Carter county, with a resolution directing the Auditor to draw his warrant upon the Treasury for any sum said Coons might desire, with an expression of opinion that it ought not to be adopted.

Same—Withdraw the petition and resolution, and moved that the committee be discharged from the further consideration of the matter.

Messrs. ANDREWS and RUST opposed the motion.

After some discussion between Messrs. RUST, ANDREWS, RHEA, WALKER, and DeHAVEN, Mr. RUST moved that the leave be recommitted to the committee, with instructions to report a bill. Rejected.

The question was then taken upon the motion of Mr. RHEA, which was adopted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION.

Mr. FISK—House bill to revise the laws relating to public schools and academies in the city of Newport. Passed.

Same—House bill to incorporate the trustees of Walnut Hill Male and Female High School. Passed.

Same—House bill to incorporate Gordonsville Seminary, in Logan county. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act to incorporate the Southern Kentucky Female College, at Russellville. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act for the benefit of the trustees of common school district No. 19, in Lawrence county. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act for the benefit of the trustees of common school district No. 6, in Barren county. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act to charter the Urania Literary Society, of Glasgow. Passed.

Mr. ANDREWS moved that the bill be printed, and passed into the orders of the day.

Mr. ALEXANDER offered a substitute for the 1st and 2d sections of the bill—making the office of Common School Commissioner elective. Mr. ANDREWS withdrew his motion to print.

After some discussion between Messrs. Bruner and Haycraft, in opposition to the bill and substitute, Mr. GILLIS moved that the bill and substitute be printed, and passed into the orders of the day.

Mr. McKEE moved to lay the bill and substitute on the table.

Mr. WALTON demanded the yeas and nays. The motion was adopted by a vote of 17 yeas to 16 nays.

Mr. FISK—House bill for the benefit of school district No. 7, in Fulton county, with an expression of opinion that it ought not to pass.

Mr. JENKINS moved the bill be recommitted. Adopted.

Mr. FISK—House bill for the benefit of school district No. 1, in Grayson county. Recommended.

Same—Leave—for the benefit of Sprigg and others. Discharged.

Same—Petition of R. C. Coleman.

Mr. JOHNSON moved the bill be recommitted. Adopted.

Mr. FISK—Petition of Geo. D. Jewell. Discharged.

Same—An act allowing a Constable in Kenton county to appoint a deputy. Passed.

Mr. RUST moved a suspension of the rules in order to enable the committee on County Courts to report a bill. Adopted.

HOUSE BILL PASSED.

Mr. RUST—House bill authorizing the County Court of Clark county to subscribe stock in turnpike road companies, with an amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill, as amended, was then passed.

MOTIONS TO SUSPEND.

Mr. GROVER moved a suspension of the rules in order to offer a resolution. Rejected.

Mr. BRUNER moved a suspension of the rules in order to enable the committee on the Revised Statutes to report a bill. Adopted.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION RESUMED.

Mr. WALTON—House bill for the benefit of the surviving trustees of Bullitt Seminary. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act to incorporate the society for the advancement of natural sciences in the city of Louisville. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act for the benefit of Chas. S. Brouson, of Paducah. Passed.

MOTION TO SUSPEND.

Mr. CISELL moved to suspend the rules in order to enable the committee on Judiciary to report a bill. Adopted.

Same—House bill to incorporate Winchester College. Passed.

REPORTS RESUMED.

Mr. WALTON—Education—A bill for the benefit of school district No. 40, Calloway county. Passed.

Same—Leave—An act to incorporate Princeton College. Passed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, Feb. 3, 1860.

The House was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Lacy, of the Presbyterian Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER.

Mr. HODGE moved to reconsider the vote by which the House on yesterday adopted the first amendment by the Senate to the bill in relation to the Commercial Bank of Kentucky. Adopted.

Same—moved to amend the bill by correcting its title. Adopted.

And the amendment, as amended, was adopted.

Mr. McELROY moved to reconsider the vote.

Mr. HODGE moved to lay the motion on the table. Adopted.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The House then, by unanimous consent, took up the Senate preamble and resolution in relation to the Pacific Railroad. Concurred in.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by Messrs. MANN, WORD, BURMAN, and IRELAND, and appropriately referred.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Mr. McELROY—Judiciary—A bill for the benefit of Jas. A. Moore, late Sheriff of Pendleton county. Passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Jos. H. Moore. Passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of David Wilcox, of Allen county. Rejected.

Same—A bill for the benefit of Mrs. Hetty Hall. Passed.

Same—A bill in relation to voluntary assignments in favor of creditors. Committee discharged.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the executors of William Gabele, deceased. Passed.

Same—A bill to change the law in the city of Louisville in relation to the forcible entry and detainer, with the opinion that it should not pass. Rejected.

Same—A bill to regulate foreign insurance agencies, with the opinion that it should not pass. [The bill requires foreign insurance companies to deposit with the Auditor of Public Accounts twenty-five thousand dollars of their capital stock before allowing an agency in the State.]

Mr. GEIGER spoke in support of the bill.

Messrs. CLARK and CLEVELAND spoke in opposition to the bill; the bill, they thought, would drive foreign insurance companies out of the State.

Mr. McELROY thought there was no necessity for the passage of the bill. The State already taxes these companies heavily, while our domestic companies are not taxed. One single fire in the city of Louisville would render bankrupt our domestic insurance companies. Foreign insurance companies have never made money in this State, while they have made heavy payments for losses incurred by our citizens. Our commercial people look to them for protection from fires, and they are reprobated to such legislation as proposed by the bill.

Before any action of the House, the SPEAKER announced the

SPECIAL ORDER.

Mr. FINN—select committee—Reported a bill to amend the charter of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, with the following amendment: "That it is not the intention of this act to empower the board of directors of said railroad to charge a higher rate of tariff on way-freight and passengers than is allowed by the charter."

Mr. ARMSTRONG moved to amend the amendment by striking out the word "charter," and insert "by law." Amendment accepted.

And the amendment, as amended, was adopted. When the bill, as amended, passed.

FOREIGN INSURANCE COMPANIES.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill concerning foreign insurance agencies.

Mr. WOLFE made a very clear and convincing argument against the bill; but we have not space to give even a synopsis of his remarks.

Remonstrances from merchants had come up here against the passage of the bill. Even the domestic insurance companies, whom this bill proposes to protect, have remonstrated against the passage of the law, while not a single petition for its enactment has been sent up here.

The capital of domestic insurance companies already paid in, does not amount to more than \$700,000, while there are, during business seasons in Louisville, frequently from twenty to thirty millions worth of property requiring insurance.

If the capital of foreign insurance companies is distributed throughout the different States, the companies cannot properly control their capital, and consequently cannot pay their liabilities.

The effect of this bill will be the withdrawal of all foreign insurance agencies from the State.

Mr. HODMAN supported the bill.

Mr. BRIDGES spoke in favor of the bill.

Mr. GULLELL moved the previous question. Succeeded.

Mr. CARLISLE moved to have the bill printed. Rejected.

Mr. WOLFE moved today the bill on the table, and the yeas and nays being required, it was decided in the affirmative by the following vote: yeas 54, nays 34.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER.

Mr. HODGE entered a motion to reconsider the vote by which the House laid the bill in relation to foreign insurance agencies on the table.

SPECIAL ORDER.

LOUISVILLE HOUSE OF REFUGE.

A bill to amend an act to incorporate the board of managers of the Louisville House of Refuge.

The question was upon the amendment offered by Mr. FINN. [By the amendment, in all cases where the Jefferson Circuit Court or the city Court of Louisville is now, or shall hereafter be, empowered to render sentence of imprisonment in the penitentiary, or county jail, or in the city work house, against a person convicted in either of said Courts, who is a male under 16, or a female under 15 years of age, it shall be lawful for either of said Courts, in lieu of the punishment foreseen, to order the commitment of such juvenile offender to the Louisville House of Refuge.]

And the bill, as amended, then passed.

The House then took up the bill to extend the benefits of the Louisville House of Refuge—The bill extends its benefits to each of the several counties of the State.]

BY UNANIMOUS CONSENT.

Mr. J. W. COOK moved to reconsider the vote by which the House rejected the bill relative to the Calloway seminary lands. Rejected.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE.

A message from the Senate was received by Senator Johnson, reporting that that body had concurred with the House amendment to the bill relative to the Louisville House of Refuge.

The House then took a recess until 2 1/2 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

MOTION TO RECONSIDER.

Mr. CARLISLE moved to reconsider the vote by which the House passed the bill establishing an office for the record of deeds and mortgages in the city of Covington. Adopted; and the bill, as amended by striking out the 5th section and inserting "that said shall take effect from and after its passage." And the bill as amended passed.

SENATE BILLS.

In the orders of the day were taken up and appropriately committed.

HOUSE BILLS.

An act concerning turnpikes and railroads. [Provisions of the bill have been heretofore published.] Rejected—yeas 35, nays 47.

Mr. BUCKNER moved to reconsider the vote.

Mr. BURNAM moved to lay the motion on the table. Adopted.

An act to repeal an act to amend an act to charter the city of Louisville.

[The bill permits citizens to vote at charter elections without first having paid their taxes.]

On motion of Mr. CROCKETT, the bill was laid on the table for Tuesday next at 11 o'clock.

A bill for the benefit of Thomas Ellison, of Calloway county. (Allowed to peddle without license.) Passed.

APPOINTMENT BILL.

The House then took up the Senate's amendments to the appointment bill, which was read a first time.

Mr. RITTER moved to amend the amendment by adding the county of Mercator to the 3th Senatorial District. Adopted.

Mr. GEIGER moved to amend the amendment by striking out the 21st and 4th wards in the 2d district, and add to the 3d and 4th wards in the 2d district. Adopted.

Mr. RICE moved to amend the amendment by taking Liberty from Pike and adding it to Harlan and Perry. Adopted.

Mr. ALEXANDER moved to amend the amendment by striking out the 3th and 4th wards in the 3d district, and add to the 3th and 4th wards in the 3d district. Adopted.

Mr. EWING moved the consideration of the bill be postponed until Wednesday next, and ordered to be printed. Rejected.

Mr. GALE moved the previous question. Succeeded.

The question was then upon the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. Alexander. Rejected—yeas 35, nays 52.

The question was then upon concurring in the amendments of the Senate, and the yeas and nays being demanded, it was decided in the negative—yeas 26, nays 61.

Mr. WALTON moved that the bill extending the benefits of the Louisville House of Refuge be made the order for the 17th inst.

C-MEMORANDUM.

The SPEAKER laid before the House a communication from the Auditor of Public Accounts, relative to the amount of money paid to the Public Printer. The communication was ordered to be printed, and committed to the committee on Printing.

And then the House adjourned.

JOHN C. HENDRICKS.

DEALER IN FINE

GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERIES,

PURE OLD WHISKY,

BRANDIES, WINES, GIN, &c.,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

Preserves, Fruits, Pickles, Toys, and Cordials, &c., &c., &c.

CORNER ST. CLAIR AND BROADWAY STS. FRANKFORT, KY.

jan28 d&wtf

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LOTTERIES

AUTHORIZED BY THE STATES OF

GEORGIA, DELAWARE, KENTUCKY, & MISSISSIPPI.

Draw daily, in public, under the supervision of a Special Commissioner, at Louisville, Kentucky, and Washington, D.C.

PRIZES VARY FROM \$2 1/2 TO \$100,000!

Tickets from \$2 1/2 to \$100!

Winners receive full explanation and the amount of their prize, in full, at once, without delay.

Proclamation by the Governor.

\$100 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that J. H. W. C. has killed and murdered one John W. C. in the city of Graves, has fled from justice and is now a fugitive.

Now, therefore, I, BERNARD MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth, do hereby offer a reward of Four Hundred Dollars for the apprehension of said J. H. W. C. and his delivery to the Jail of Graves county, within one year from the date hereof.

To the person who shall bring him into my hands and cause the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 1st day of February, A. D. 1860, and in the 16th year of the Commonwealth.

By the Governor, B. MAGOFFIN.

Tested, B. W. TATE, Assistant Secretary.

feb2 w&t-w&n

C. T. MERRIMAN'S

CLOAK & SHAWL HOUSE

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS

REDUCED

WILL exhibit on Monday a large and choice stock of Velvet and Cloth Cloaks at

REDUCED PRICES

National Hotel Building,

FOURTH STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

jan10 d&wtf

